

MAINTENANCE

Proper care and maintenance of your **KleenRite** equipment will mean years of trouble free and profitable service. Being

familiar with your equipment and having the right tools to service it will save you time and money.

DAILY CARE

Each time you use your equipment, certain precautions should be taken to maintain its performance.

- 1. Fill the solution tank with only clean solution. DO NOT use a dirty waste bucket that could introduce lint or sand into the solution tank.
- 2. Use the system for wet extraction only. DO NOT dry vacuum. This can cause lint to lodge in the fans of the vacuum blower.
- 3. Use only fully dissolved cleaning solution. DO NOT mix powder directly in the solution tank. Granular material can move through the system and clog the tool filter or jet.
- 4. Rinse the tool and hoses with clear water at the end of a job. DO NOT store equipment with high concentrations of chemical or fiber impacted in them. After any job where large amounts of animal hair or loose fiber are encoun-

tered, remove the tool lid and check for buildup of material. Note: It is recommended that a small amount of anti-seize compound or grease be applied to the end of the lid screws when reassembling. This will prevent corrosion of the threads.

- 5. Check and clean the tool filter regularly. DO NOT allow chemical or local water content to build and clog the filter. Soaking over night in mild acid (vinegar) will clean most filters. A spare filter is recommended.
- 6. Clean vacuum tank, lint basket, and discharge valve. If particles lodge between the discharge valve seats, turn on vacuum and slowly close valve several times to remove debris.
- 7. Clean "Y" filter located at machine end of solution hose. Be certain particles do not pass the filter while cleaning.

QUARTERLY CARE

If properly maintained, your **KleenRite** equipment will need little repair. On a quarterly basis, it is recommended that the doors be removed and the hoses and electrical components be carefully inspected. If leaks, irregularities or corrosion are observed, they should be cleaned, tightened or replaced.

Pump and blower motors have sealed bearings which do not need lubrication, however, they do wear. Excessive noise, leaking or high amperage draw indicates a worn motor.

Cleaning and lubricating the latches, casters, and quick-connects with light spray will increase their life.